Claims

1. A method for producing a $5\alpha\text{-pregnane}$ derivative represented by the formula (III):

$$OR^{11}$$

$$OR^{12}$$

$$OR^{12}$$

wherein R^{11} and R^{12} are each independently a hydrogen atom or a hydroxyl-protecting group, which comprises selectively reducing a carbon-carbon double bond of a 5α -pregnane derivative represented by the formula (II):

$$OR^{1}$$

$$OR^{2}$$

$$OR^{2}$$

$$OR^{2}$$

wherein R^1 and R^2 are each independently a hydrogen atom or a hydroxyl-protecting group, in a mixture of a 5α -pregnane derivative represented by the formula (I):

$$OR^{1}$$

$$OR^{2}$$

$$OR^{2}$$

$$OR^{2}$$

wherein R^1 and R^2 are as defined above, and the $5\alpha\text{-pregnane}$ derivative represented by the above formula (II).

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein \mathbb{R}^2 and \mathbb{R}^{12} are hydrogen atoms.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein R¹ and R¹¹ are tri-substituted

 silyl groups having three, same or different, substituents
 selected from the group consisting of an alkyl group
 optionally having substituent(s), an aryl group optionally

having substituent(s), an alkoxyl group optionally having substituent(s) and an aryloxy group optionally having substituent(s).

- 5 4. The method of claim 3, wherein R¹ and R¹¹ are tertbutyldimethylsilyl groups.
 - 5. The method of claim 2, wherein R^1 and R^{11} are hydrogen atoms.
- 10 6. A method for producing (20S)-7 $_{\alpha}$,21-dihydroxy-20-methyl-5 $_{\alpha}$ -pregn-3-one represented by the formula (VII):

, which comprises

(a) selectively reducing a carbon-carbon double bond of a $5\alpha\textsubscript{-}{}^{15}$ pregnane derivative represented by the formula (V):

wherein R^{21} is a hydroxyl-protecting group and R^{22} is a hydrogen atom or a hydroxyl-protecting group, in a mixture of a 5α -pregnane derivative represented by the formula (IV):

wherein R^{21} and R^{22} are as defined above, and the $5\alpha\text{-pregnane}$ derivative represented by the above formula (V) to give a $5\alpha\text{-}$

pregnane derivative represented by the formula (VI):

$$OR^{31}$$

$$OR^{32}$$

$$(VI)$$

wherein R³¹ is a hydroxyl-protecting group and R³² is a hydrogen stom or a hydroxyl-protecting group; and

- (b) eliminating the hydroxyl-protecting groups of the 5α -pregnane derivative represented by the above formula (VI) obtained by the aforementioned step.
- 10 7. The method of claim 6, wherein R^{22} and R^{32} are hydrogen atoms.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein R²¹ and R³¹ are trisubstituted silyl groups having three, same or different,

 substituents selected from the group consisting of an alkyl
 group optionally having substituent(s), an aryl group
 optionally having substituent(s), an alkoxyl group optionally
 having substituent(s) and an aryloxy group optionally having
 substituent(s).

20

9. The method of claim 8, wherein \mathbb{R}^{21} and \mathbb{R}^{31} are tert-butyldimethylsilyl groups.